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unlabeled article from the manufacturer's premises, if the outer containers of the article are labeled with the name, trade name or brand name of the article and the names and addresses (city and State) of the manufacturer and the consignee.

- (d) Use of the words "denatured alcohol." If the words "denatured alcohol" appear on the label of an article, the label shall also have a name, trade name or brand name which appears as conspicuously as the words "denatured alcohol."
- (e) Use of the words "rubbing alcohol." If the words "rubbing alcohol" appear on the label of an article, (1) the article shall be made in accordance with §20.118 of this part, and (2) the label (i) shall have the words "rubbing alcohol" in letters of the same color and size, (ii) shall identify the name and address (city and State) of the manufacturer or bottler, (iii) shall state the alcohol content as 70% by volume with no reference to the proof strength, and (iv) shall have the warning "For external use only. If taken internally, will cause serious gastric disturbances." An alcohol rub made from any other material, such as isopropyl alcohol, shall not be labeled "Rubbing Alcohol" unless the label informs the consumer that the preparation was not made with specially denatured alcohol.
- (f) Distributor labeling. Distributors of an article may place minimal identifying information (name, address and a phrase such as "distributed by") on the label of that article (or on an additional label) without qualifying in any manner under this part; provided:
- (1) The article is produced, packaged and labeled as provided in this part; and
- (2) The distributor does not produce, repackage or reprocess the article.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0336)

[T..D ATF-199, 50 FR 9162, Mar. 6, 1985, as amended by ATF-332, 57 FR 40849, Sept. 8, 1992]

## § 20.135 State code numbers.

In showing the permit number on labels as provided in \$20.134(b)(2)(ii), the permittee who distributes the article may substitute the appropriate number shown below for the State abbrevia-

tion. For example, permit number SDA-CONN-1234 may be shown on the labels as SDA-07-1234. The code numbers for the respective State are as follows:

01—Alabama 27—Montana 28—Nebraska 02-Alaska 03-Arizona 29-Nevada 04-Arkansas 30-New Hampshire 05-California 31-New Jersey 06—Colorado 32-New Mexico 07-Connecticut 33-New York 08-Delaware 34-North Carolina 09—DC 35—North Dakota 10-Florida 36-Ohio 11-Georgia 37-Oklahoma 12-Hawaii 38-Oregon 13—Idaho 39-Pennsylvania 14—Illinois 40-Rhode Island 15-Indiana 41—South Carolina 16—Iowa 42—South Dakota 17—Kansas 43—Tennessee 18-Kentucky 44—Texas 19-Louisiana 45—Utah 20-Maine 46-Vermont 21-Maryland 47—Virginia 22—Massachusetts 48-Washington 23—Michigan 49-West Virginia 24—Minnesota 50-Wisconsin 25-Mississippi 51—Wyoming 26-Missouri

## § 20.136 Labeling regulations of other agencies.

- (a) General. Other Federal agencies have promulgated regulations which may affect labeling of articles, as described in this section.
- (b) Consumer Product Safety Commission. The Consumer Product Safety Commission has promulgated regulations to administer the Federal Hazardous Substances Act. The regulations in 16 CFR Chapter II require warning labels for products containing certain specified substances. For example, S.D.A. Formula Nos. 3-A and 30 require warning labels because they contain methyl alcohol, a hazardous substance at levels of 4% or more by weight. Manufacturers, reprocessors, rebottlers, and repackagers who convey articles containing strong chemicals should refer to 16 CFR Chapter II for warning label requirements.
- (c) Federal Trade Commission. The Federal Trade Commission (F.T.C.) has promulgated regulations to administer the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act.